

Articles of Association relating to the shareholders' meeting and voting

1. Closing of register book

Section 2 Article 4.

During the twenty (21) days prior to the shareholders' meeting, the company may close the register book and cease the transfer registration by giving notice to shareholders at the head office and all branch office at least fourteen (14) days prior to the ceasing of registration. In case the of listed securities in the Stock Exchange of Thailand, the closing and ceasing of registration shall be in accordance to the securities and stock exchange law.

2. Call for a meeting

Section 4 Article 34.

The shareholders' meeting shall be held in the place where the head office is located or the provinces nearby.

Section 4 Article 35.

The Board of Directors may call a shareholders' meeting at least once a year which shall be called "Ordinary Meeting" and shall be convened within four (4) months from the last day of the fiscal year of the Company.

The other meetings of shareholders shall be called "Extraordinary General Meeting". As it is deemed necessary or appropriate, the Board of Directors may summon an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. Or, shareholders holding shares in aggregate of not less than one-tenth (1/10) of the total number of shares sold, may at any time submit their names and request the Board of Directors in writing to call for an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, provided that, the reasons for the request to call such meeting shall be clearly stated in the said written request. In such an event, the Board of Directors shall proceed to call a shareholders' meeting to be held within forty five (45) days from the date of the receipt of such request from the said shareholders.

In the event the Board of Directors does not convene the meeting within forty five (45) days from the date receipt letter of a shareholder, shareholders holding shares in aggregate to constitute a quorum may call for a meeting within forty five (45) days from the due date as prescribed above, and it shall be deemed as a shareholders' meeting called by the Board of Directors. The company shall then responsible for the expense rising out of the meeting and facilities as appropriate. If the number of shareholders does not constitute a quorum, those shareholders who request for such meeting shall compensate the expense rising thereof to the company.

Section 4 Article 36.

In calling a shareholders' meeting, the Board of Directors shall prepare a written notice specifying the place, date, time, agenda of the meeting and the matters to be proposed to the meeting in appropriate detail by clearly indicating whether it is a matter proposed for acknowledgment or for approval or for consideration, as the case may be, including the opinion of the board of directors on the said matters. The

said notice shall be distributed to the shareholders and the MOC's registrar not less than seven (7) days prior to the date of the meeting. The notice shall be published in the newspaper for not less than three (3) consecutive days and not less than three (3) days prior to the date of the meeting.

3 Proxy

Section 4, Article 38

The shareholders may appoint another person as their proxy to attend the meeting and vote on their behalf

The proxy shall be made in written form signed by the shareholder as stated by the MOC's registrar, and delivered to to chairman of the board or any person as assigned by the chairman, at the place of the meeting prior to the proxy holder will attend to the meeting. Additionally, details shall consist of at least following list:

- (1) Shares hold by the shareholder
- (2) Name of proxy holder
- (3) Number of the meeting where the proxy holder is authorized to attend and vote

4. Conduct of a meeting

Section 4 Article 39.

The meeting shall proceed according to the agendas respectively as specified in the notice unless the shareholders' meeting resolved to change the agenda by the affirmative votes of the shareholders holding not less than two-third (2/3) of the shareholders attended the meeting.

All agendas specified under the first paragraph have been considered, shareholders holding not less than one-third (1/3) of the total number of distributed shares may request the meeting to consider other matters not specified in such notice.

If the meeting is unable to conclude consideration of the matters according to the sequence of the agenda as provided in invitation letter to the meeting and it is necessary to postpone the consideration of the meeting, the meeting shall determine the place, date and time for the next meeting and the Board of Directors shall, not less than seven (7) days prior to the date of the meeting, deliver to the shareholders notice calling the meeting which indicates the place, date, time and the agenda of the meeting. The notice calling the meeting shall also be published in a newspaper for three (3) consecutive days not less than three (3) days prior to the date of the meeting.

Section 4 Article 40.

The chairman of the board of directors shall act as chairman of the shareholders' meeting. In the case that he is absent or is unable to perform the duty and if there is the vice-chairman, the vice-chairman shall act as chairman. In the absence of both the chairman of the board of directors and vice-chairman or they are unable to perform the duty, the meeting shall elect one of the shareholders present to act as chairman of the meeting.

5. Quorum

Section 4 Article 37.

At the meeting of shareholders, in order to constitute a quorum, there shall be shareholders and proxies (if any) attending the meeting amounting to not less than twenty-five (25) persons or not less than one half of the total number of shareholders, and in either case such shareholders shall hold shares amounting to an aggregate of not less than one-third of all the shares sold of the Company.

At any meeting of shareholders, if one (1) hour has passed since the time specified for the meeting and the number of shareholders attending the meeting is not enough to constitute a quorum as prescribed; if such meeting of shareholders was called as a result of a request by the shareholders, such meeting shall be cancelled; if such meeting was not called as a result of a request by the shareholders, the meeting shall be called once again and the notice calling such meeting shall be delivered to shareholders not less than seven (7) days prior to the date of the meeting. In this subsequent meeting, a quorum as stated in Article 37 is not required.

6. Casting votes

Section 4 Article 41.

Each shareholder shall have a number of votes equal to the number of shares held where one share represents one vote. Any shareholder who has a special interest in any matters shall not be entitled to vote, except for voting on the election of directors.

Section 4 Article 42.

Unless this Articles of Association or the laws provide otherwise, a resolution of the shareholders' meeting or approval on any matters shall require a majority of votes of the shareholders who are present at the meeting and vote. In the case of a tie, the presiding Chairman shall have another casting vote.

For the following cases, a vote of not less than three-fourths (3/4) of the total number of votes of the shareholders attending the meeting and having the right to vote is required:

- (1) the sale or transfer of the whole or the substantial part of the Company's business to any other person;
- (2) the purchase or acceptance of transfer of the business of private companies or public companies by the Company
- (3) the making, amending or terminating of any agreement with respect to the granting of a lease of the whole or substantial parts of the Company's business, the assignment of the management of the business of the Company to any person, or the amalgamation of the business with other persons for the purpose of profit and loss sharing;
- (4) the amendment of the Memorandum of Associations or Articles of Association of the Company;
- (5) the increasing or reducing the Company's capital;
- (6) the issuance of debenture stock
- (7) the amalgamation or dissolution of the company

7. Appointment of directors

Section 3 Article 17.

The meeting of shareholders elect directors under following criteria and methods:

- (1) The right to vote is equal to the number of share hold
- (2) Each shareholder may exercise all the votes he or she has to elect one or several persons as director or directors, but the shareholder cannot be divided his or her votes to any person in any number
- (3) Persons who receive the highest votes arranged in order from higher to lower in a number equal to that of the number of directors to be appointed are elected to be the directors of the Company. In the event of a tie at a lower place, which would make the number of directors greater than that required, the chairman of the meeting will have a casting vote.